

# Web Development Terms

## Document Structure

	Used by browser for identifying a text document as an (X)HTML document.
	Used to create the section which contains information about the web page (title, author, keywords, style sheets and scripts).
	Used to enclose the main content of the webpage (what will be displayed by browser).
	Defines the title to be read by search engines and displayed in browser window.

## Block Elements

	Creates logically separated paragraphs in a document.
	Used to create lists that are not in any particular order, and displays bullets by default usually. Must contain list items.
	Used to create sequentially ordered lists. Must contains list items.
	Used to create list items within a list (ul) or ordered list (ol). Must be used inside a list.
	Used to create headlines within text content.
	Defines a long quotation within a document. Margins are usually added by default.
	Creates a horizontal rule on a page, usually to separate content.
	Generic block element, main element used for structuring/layout. Usually used with class and/or id.

## Inline Elements

	Creates a link or anchor tag. An href attribute is needed to add functionality.
	Creates a line break. Used in addresses and poetry, for example, where lists don't make sense.
	Used to emphasize text, usually in italics by default.
	Used to define heavy text, usually in bold text.
	Inline equivalent of <div>, a generic inline container.
	A directive used to insert an image. This is a self-closing tag, meaning it doesn't have an opening and closing tag, but opens and closes at once. A 'src' attribute must be defined.